

Disorders of the Skin

Instructions: Briefly describe these disorders. You may use your book, notes and medical encyclopedias, manuals, etc. located in classroom to research.

1. Acne - inflammatory skin condition affecting sebaceous gland ducts. or secretion of sebum
- * 2. Albinism - recessive, inherited condition characterized by a lack of the dark brown pigment melanin
3. Sunburn - burn caused by exposure to harmful UV radiation in sun
4. Malignant melanoma serious form of skin cancer

What melanoma signs do these letters indicate?

A symmetry - lopsided

B order - irregular

C color - mixture of shades

D diameter - larger than 1/4 inch

5. Callus/corn - hard thickening of skin
6. Cyst - abnormal sac or growth, usually filled with fluid
- * 7. Diaphoresis perspiration
8. Freckles - brownish skin spots, irregular melanin
9. Mole - spot on skin
10. Alopecia - clinical term referring to hair loss
11. Wart - caused by papilloma virus, a benign neoplasm of the skin
12. Cold sore or fever blister - a vesicular eruption on the face often accompanied by a cold or a febrile condition
13. Dermatitis - general term referring to any inflammation of the skin
14. Blackheads or whiteheads - when sebum accumulates, darkens and enlarges the ducts of the sebaceous glands.
15. Herpes - a viral infection causing sores
16. Chickenpox and shingles - viral infection affects the skin of a single
17. Abrasion - a spot caused by rubbing
18. Laceration - rough jagged tear or cut

19. Athlete's foot - type of fungal infection
20. Impetigo - a highly contagious bacterial skin infection that occurs most often in children
21. Boils - furuncles, local staphylococci infection of hair follicles, large, inflamed pustules
22. Tinea - fungal infections; signs erythema, scales, crusting; anti fungal agents usually stop the acute infection
23. Decubitus ulcer - pressure over the skin often develops when lying in one position for prolonged periods
24. Eczema - inflammatory skin condition associated with a variety of diseases and characterized by erythema, papules, vesicles, and crust
25. Urticaria hives, an allergic or hypersensitivity response characterized by raised lesions
26. Carcinoma
 - a. squamous cell - slow-growing malignant tumor; hard, raised nodule
 - b. basal cell - uppenfall signs at base of epidermis form bleeding, crusted crater.
27. Kaposi's sarcoma - rare malignant neoplasms of the skin that often spreads to lymph nodes and internal organs; of the found in AIDS patients